

# Cookies lexing.be

## WordPress Cookies

- **wordpress\_[hash]** : On login, wordpress uses the wordpress\_[hash] cookie to store your authentication details. Its use is limited to the admin console area, /wp-admin/
- **wordpress\_logged\_in\_[hash]** : After login, wordpress sets the wordpress\_logged\_in\_[hash] cookie, which indicates when you're logged in, and who you are, for most interface use.
- **wp-settings-{time}-[UID]** : WordPress also sets a few wp-settings-{time}-[UID] cookies. The number on the end is your individual user ID from the users database table. This is used to customize your view of admin interface, and possibly also the main site interface.
- **wordpress\_test\_cookie** : Tests whether or not the browser has cookies enabled.

The actual cookies contain hashed data, so you don't have to worry about someone gleaning your username and password by reading the cookie data. A hash is the result of a specific mathematical formula applied to some input data (in this case your user name and password, respectively). It's quite hard to reverse a hash (bordering on practical infeasibility with today's computers). This means it is very difficult to take a hash and "unhash" it to find the original input data.

WordPress uses the two cookies to bypass the password entry portion of wp-login.php. If WordPress recognizes that you have valid, non-expired cookies, you go directly to the WordPress Administration interface. If you don't have the cookies, or they're expired, or in some other way invalid (like you edited them manually for some reason), WordPress will require you to log in again, in order to obtain new cookies.

## WooCommerce Cookies

- **woocommerce\_cart\_[hash]**
- **woocommerce\_items\_in\_cart**
- **wp\_woocommerce\_session\_**

The first two cookies contain information about the cart as a whole and helps WooCommerce know when the cart data changes. The final cookie (wp\_woocommerce\_session\_) contains a unique code for each customer so that it knows where to find the cart data in the database for each customer. No personal information is stored within these cookies.

## WPML Cookies

- **\_icl\_current\_language** : Stores the current language. It contains just a 2 char language code. It is set on the front-end so it can deliver the correct language to your visitors.
- **\_icl\_current\_admin\_language\_{hash}** : Stores the current admin language. It contains just a 2 char language code. It is only set in the admin.
- **\_icl\_visitor\_lang\_js** : Stores the redirected language.
- **wpml\_browser\_redirect\_test** : Test if cookies are enabled.
- **wpml\_admin\_referer\_url** : Stores the last requested URL on the back-end.
- **wpml\_referer\_url** : Stores the last requested URL on the front-end.

# AddThis Cookies

`__atuvs`, `__atuvc`, ...

Since our cookies change frequently, we don't typically list a description for each cookie or provide exhaustive cookie lists.

I can provide you the following information though.

The cookies we use can store information such as:

- \* Uniquely assigned machine-generated user ID
- \* Maintenance cookies that help manage expiration for other cookies
- \* User interest modeling
- \* How often we see an AddThis user
- \* Recording user sharing and social activity
- \* Geolocation, used to help publishers know approximately where people sharing information are located. (State level)
- \* Record user-specified sharing preferences
- \* Optimizing sharing settings for the user.

We use cookies to track users across domains to personalize their services and to collect behavior data for publishers. This data isn't personally identifiable and users can opt out by visiting <http://www.addthis.com/privacy/opt-out>.

The AddThis tools also, in some circumstances, set cookies on the first-party website domain much like Google Analytics and other packages do. These cookies are used for per-site user preferences and analytics, and are always preceded with an underscore.

Finally, the AddThis tools may expose visitors to various advertising partners, who may in turn set cookies themselves. Any cookies delivered in this way will only be set on the partner's domain.

For more information on how these practices relate to our privacy features, advertising offerings, and user opt-out, see our [What you Should Know](http://www.addthis.com/privacy) page (<http://www.addthis.com/privacy>).

Note that there are some additional exceptions to the cookie behavior described here, including when AddThis is in use on cookie-restricted properties such as .gov and .mil domains. For more information, feel free to ask us.

## Google Analytics

- `__gat` : This cookie has a ten minute timeout. This cookie does not store any user information, it's just used to limit the number of requests that have to be made to **[doubleclick.net](http://doubleclick.net)**
- `__ga` : This cookie has a 2 years timeout. Used to distinguish users.
- `__gid` : This cookie has a 24 hours timeout. Used to distinguish users.

Google Analytics Cookie Usage on Websites : <https://developers.google.com/analytics/devguides/collection/analyticsjs/cookie-usage>

## **Awesome Support (Online consultation / SOS)**

- **\_wpas\_session** : Awesome Support uses cookies to keep track of its state between page loads and to store temporary information essential to its ability to work properly. You can safely delete this cookie after navigating away from any Awesome Support page – it will simply be recreated upon the next page load and any state information that was stored will be lost.

## **Other Cookies Used**

- **PHPSESSID** : To identify your unique session on the website
- **cookiebar** : To store if the user has hidden the cookie bar